Rutgers Cooperative Extension

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SUMMER SQUASH AND ZUCCHINI SQUASH INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT FIELD GUIDE

Year Prior to Planting Squash

PROCEDURE	HOW TO SAMPLE	USE OF THIS INFORMATION	ADDITIONAL NOTES
Analysis of Soil	Using a county soil map, identify the different	With this information an integrated weed	Mechanical analysis generally only needs to be
Texture, Organic	soils in the field. Take a sample from each area	management program can be designed using	done once unless there is significant erosion or
Matter, and pH	where soil types differ. Submit to lab for	cultural and/or chemical controls for each soil	changes in cropping patterns. CEC and pH
	mechanical of texture and for analysis of Cation	type in a field. Soil type and pH differences	should be analyzed annually. Organic matter
	Exchange Capacity (CEC), organic matter	within a field affect rate of application,	analysis should be done every 5 - 10 years.
	(OM), and pH.	carryover and other interactions.	

Pre-Harvest of Current Crop

Scout once prior to harvest to determine weed potential for next year's squash crop.

Weeds	Sampling	Threshold	Notes
Horsenettle	Scout field in a zigzag pattern. Sample 10	presence	Select control measures to eradicate
Groundcherry	random locations 1 square yard in size or 10 ft.		these perennials for the next cropping
Yellow Nutsedge	of row, whichever pattern best suits existing		season. See "Postharvest Perennial
Canada Thistle	conditions. Map the location of these weeds.		Weed Control" for treatment options.
Common Milkweed			
Hemp Dogbane			
Bindweed spp.			
Johnsongrass			
Bermudagrass (277, 1326)*			(292)
Summer Annuals,	Scout as outlined above for the presence of	Number of weeds/10 ft. of row or 1 sq. yd.	Untreated check provides most reliable
Black Nightshade,	existing weeds. Potential weed problems are best	< 1 weed = very light	information for planning the weed
Hairy Nightshade,	identified by a non treated weedy check. Identify	1-4 weed = light	control strategy for the coming season.
Common Cocklebur,	the weeds and count # of each species. Note	4-10 weeds = medium	
Jimsonweed	whether specific weeds are scattered throughout	10-100 weeds = heavy	
(277, 1326)	the field or predominate in one area of the field.	> 100 weeds = very heavy	

Production Year

Pre-planting Decisions

1. Use the information obtained from the previous year's scouting to select recommended control strategies for those weeds.

- 2. Use weed maps of perennial weeds to determine if fall cleanup program eradicated these weeds.
- 3. Match preplant incorporated and preemergence herbicide rates to soil type and percent organic matter in each field. (292)
- 4. Consider using the stale seedbed technique to reduce weeds emerging from top inch of soil during production of the crop.

Weeds	Sampling	Frequency	Threshold		
Zero Tolerance Weeds (ZTW) =	In a zigzag pattern, scout 1 sq.	Once, approximately 3	# weeds/10 ft. row or 1 sq. yd.	<u>Action</u>	
Nightshades, Horsenettle, Yellow	yd. in 5 random locations and 10	weeks after planting.	ZTW: Presence	Control required.	
Nutsedge, Morning Glory,	ft. of row in another 5 random		Summer annuals: < 0.25 weed	None	
Jimsonweed, Common	locations. Identify and count #		0.25 - 1 weed	Control may be required.	
Cocklebur, Canada Thistle,	of each weed species. Map		> 1 weed	Control required	
Common Milkweed, Hemp	location of zero tolerance weeds.				
Dogbane, Bindweed spp.,	Determine whether weeds are		Whether weeds are within the row or between the row determines if		
Johnsongrass, Bermudagrass,	predominantly within the row or		cultivation will be an effective con	ntrol.	
Quackgrass	between rows.				
Summer Annuals					
All Weeds	Same as above.	1 week after control	This information is used to evaluate	te how well controls worked.	
		measures are			
		implemented from the 3			
		week scouting.			

Emergence to Four Leaf Stage (Three weeks after planting)

Five to Six Weeks after Planting

Weeds	Sampling	Frequency	Threshold	
Zero Tolerance	In a zigzag pattern, scout 1 sq. yd. in 5 random	Once, approximately	# weeds/10 ft. row or 1 sq. yd.	Action
Weeds	locations and 10 ft. of row in 5 random locations.	5 -6 weeks after	Zero Tolerance Weeds: Presence	Control required.
Summer Annuals	Identify and count # of each weed species. Map	planting.	Summer annuals: < 0.25 weed	None
	location of zero tolerance weeds. Determine		0.25 - 1 weed	Control may be required.
	whether weeds are predominantly within the row		> 1 weed	Control required
	or between rows.			

Pre-Harvest

Weeds	Sampling	Frequency	Threshold	Notes
Perennial or Zero Tolerance	Scout one square yard in 5 random locations	Once, prior to	presence	Use this scouting information to determine if there are
Weeds (see list above)	and 10 ft. of row in another 5 random locations	harvest.		weeds present that will interfere with harvest. Use the
Annuals	in the field. Map location of perennial weeds.			information about perennial weeds to plan a cleanup
				program after squash harvest.

*Bolded numbers in parenthesis indicate sources of additional information found in the Mid-Atlantic IPM database by this special reference number.

Scouting procedures, thresholds, and crop management recommendations have been compiled from a number of sources and may not be valid for all areas within the Mid-Atlantic Region. They are meant to be used as guidelines. As such, they should be validated on small acreages before relying on them. No guarantee of their validity, success, or failure to perform in the field is implied or expressed. Consult your local Cooperative Extension Agent for additional information or assistance.