Rutgers Cooperative Extension

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MUSKMELON INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT FIELD GUIDE

Year Prior to Planting Muskmelons

Procedure	HOW TO SAMPLE	USE OF THIS INFORMATION	ADDITIONAL NOTES
Analysis of Soil	Using a county soil map, identify the different	With this information an integrated weed	Mechanical analysis generally only needs to be
Texture,	soils in the field. Take a sample from each area	management program can be designed using	done once unless there is significant erosion or
Organic Matter	where soil types differ. Submit to lab for	cultural and/or chemical controls for each soil	changes in cropping patterns. CEC and pH
and pH	analysis of texture by mechanical analysis and	type in a field. Soil type and pH differences	should be analyzed annually. Organic matter
	for analysis of Cation Exchange Capacity	within a field affect rate of application,	analysis should be done every 5 - 10 years.
	(CEC), organic matter (OM), and pH.	carryover and other interactions.	

Prior to Harvest

Scout once prior to harvest of current crop to determine weed potential for next season's muskmelons.

Weeds	Sampling	Threshold	Notes
Horsenettle, Ground Cherry, Yellow	Scout field in a zigzag pattern. Sample 10 random	Presence	See "Postharvest
Nutsedge, Canada thistle, Common	locations 1 square yard in size or 10 ft. of row,		Perennial Weed
Milkweed, Hemp Dogbane, Bindweed	whichever pattern best suits existing conditions.		Control" for treatment
spp., Johnsongrass, Bermuda Grass	Map the location of these weeds.		options.
(277*, 1326)			(292)
Summer Annuals	Scout as outlined above for the presence of	Number of weeds per 10 ft. of row or 1 sq. yd.	Untreated check
Galinsoga,	existing weeds. Potential weed problems are best	< 1 weed = very light	provides the most
Common Cocklebur, Jimsonweed	identified by a non treated weedy check. Identify	1-4 weed = light	reliable information
	the weeds, count # of each species. Note whether	4-10 weeds = medium	about weed potential
	specific weeds are scattered throughout the field or	10-100 weeds = heavy	for the coming year.
(277, 1326)	predominate in one area of the field.	> 100 weeds = very heavy	

Production Year

Pre-planting Decisions

- 1. From the information obtained from last year's scouting, select recommended control options for those weeds.
- 2. Use the map locating perennial weeds to determine if fall treatment eliminated those weeds.
- 3. Consider using the stale seedbed technique to eliminate germinating weed seeds from top inch of soil.
- 4. Match preplant incorporated and preemergence herbicide rates to soil type and percent organic matter in each field. (292)

Three Weeks after Emergence or Transplanting

Weeds	How to Sample	When	Threshold
Zero Tolerance Weeds (ZTW) =	In a zigzag pattern, scout 1 sq. yd. in 5	Once approximately	# weeds/10 ft. row or 1 sq. yd. Action
Nightshades, Horsenettle, Yellow	random locations and 10 ft. of row in	3 weeks after	ZTW: Presence Control required
Nutsedge, Morning Glory, Jimsonweed,	another 5 random locations. Identify	transplanting.	Summer annuals:
Common Cocklebur, Canada Thistle,	species, count # of each weed species.		< 0.25 weed None
Common Milkweed, Hemp Dogbane,	Map location of ZTW. Determine		0.25 - 1 weed Control may be required
Bindweed spp., Johnsongrass,	whether weeds are predominantly		> 1 weed Control required
Bermudagrass, Quackgrass	within the row or between rows.		Whether weeds are within the row or between the row
Summer Annuals (277, 1326)			determines if cultivation will be an effective control.
All Weeds	Same as above.	1 week after control	This information is used to evaluate how well controls
		measures are imple-	worked.
		mented from the post	
		transplant scouting.	

Six Weeks After Emergence or Transplanting

Weeds	How to Sample	When	Thi	reshold
ZTW (see above)	In a zigzag pattern, scout 1 sq. yd. in 5 random	Once	# weeds/10 ft. row or 1 sq. yd.	<u>Action</u>
Summer Annuals	locations and 10 ft. of row in 5 random locations.	approximately	ZTW: Presence	Control required
	Identify species, count # of each weed species. Map	5 -6 weeks after	Summer annuals: < 0.25 weed	None
	location of ZTW. Determine whether weeds are	transplanting.	0.25 - 1 weed	Control may be required
	predominantly within the row or between rows.		> 1 weed	Control required

Preharvest

Weeds	Sampling	Frequency	Threshold	Notes
Summer	Sample 1 sq. yd. in 5 random locations	Approximately 9		If weeds are present that will interfere with the harvesting operation, some
Annuals	and 10 ft. of row in 5 random	weeks after		form of control must be implemented.
	locations.	transplanting		
Perennial	Scout for these weeds while scouting	Once prior to	Presence	This information is used to determine if a fall treatment is required to
Weeds	for the above mentioned weeds. Map	harvest.		control perennial weeds. See "Postharvest Perennial Weed Control" for
	location of any perennial weeds.			treatment options after harvest. (292)

^{*}Bolded numbers in parenthesis indicate sources of additional information found in the IPM database by this special reference number.

Scouting procedures, thresholds, and crop management recommendations have been compiled from a number of sources and may not be valid for all areas within the Mid-Atlantic Region. They are meant to be used as guidelines. As such, they should be validated on small acreages before relying on them. No guarantee of their validity, success, or failure to perform in the field is implied or expressed. Consult your local Cooperative Extension Agent for additional information or assistance